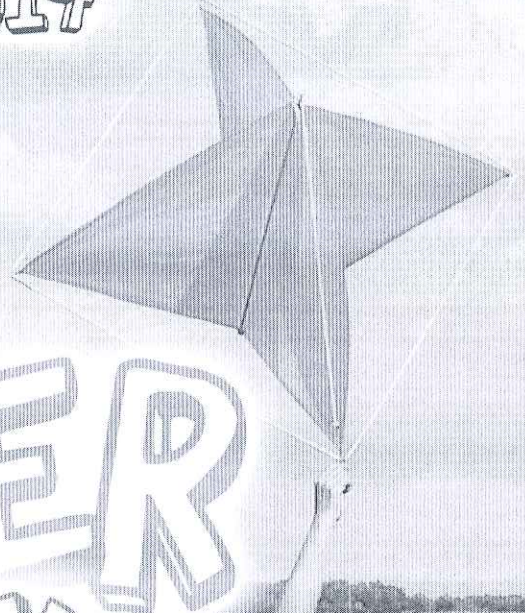




2013-2014

SUMMER HOMEWORK



CLASS: 5A/5B

STUDENT NAME:

READING

Read the following texts about Betty, Kate, Harry and Travis.

After reading fill in the table on the second page and answer the questions.



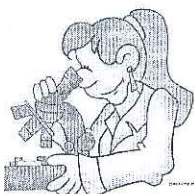
Betty is a waitress. She is only thirty-four.

From Monday to Friday she serves drinks, but on weekends she doesn't like working. She has to work a lot, but it is important for her to have enough free time to relax.

She has quite tiring weekdays. She has breakfast at half past 6 every day.

She works from 8am to 5pm. After work she prepares the dinner for her family. They have dinner at 7 o'clock. Once a month she goes to the hairdresser's, and has her hair cut.

She has to travel by train in some cases, once or twice a year when she visits her aunt in the capital.



Kate is twenty-eight. She works as a scientist. She generally gets up at quarter to 6 because she starts work at half past 7. Her workplace is rather far from her home. That's why she can sometimes watch late night films. She has little free time. When she has enough time she plays the guitar. But unfortunately it rarely happens.

She is a health minded woman. She eats an apple a day because she thinks an apple a day keeps the doctor away.

She doesn't have a family. She lives alone. She wants to have a kitten in case she can more often stay at home. Her dream is to have a big family in ten years. But now she has not got a boyfriend.



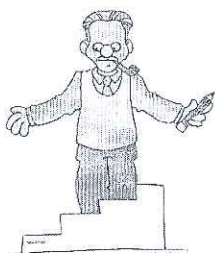
Harry is a teacher. He is also thirty-four. His life is full of work as well. He always goes to work by bus. He almost never misses the bus.

His evening program is correcting the students' tests. It's not a really interesting activity.

He mainly drinks mineral water. He thinks it's important to drink at least 2 litres a day.

Harry has got a car in his garage. But the petrol is so expensive that he only uses it when it is really necessary. So every Sunday he washes his car because in the afternoon he meets his girlfriend, Mina. They usually meet four times a week unless they have too much work.

He has one great hobby. He likes going to the theatre with Mina. But he has only little time and money to see a play. He can afford this luxury only about 5 times a year.



Travis is a writer. He is fifty-five. His daily routine depends on the inspiration. But it is a routine that he cleans his teeth every morning. He starts writing when he has a good idea. It frequently comes up he can't go out because he has to work, so he stays at home.

His friends understand this because Travis is a friendly man indeed.

He is a successful writer. He has lots of bestsellers. He writes a book every year.

It's a pity, he got divorced. He has two daughters who are married and live near Travis's house. Travis can meet them and their family when he wants because their relationship is good.

He has already two grandsons, Jim and Patrick. He is very proud of them.

WRITING

What I Did Yesterday



I got up late yesterday morning because it was Sunday. First, I had a shower and then I went to the kitchen downstairs for some breakfast. I had a bowl of cereal and some apple juice. Then I took a shower. After breakfast it was time to check my email and Facebook accounts. I have a lot of friends from all over the world. I spent about two hours online before taking my dog out for a walk.

In the afternoon I went to the cinema with a friend. We saw Toy Story 3. I thought it was fantastic. I didn't do much in the evening apart from watching TV. I should do some more exercise before I become a couch potato.



Now it's your time to write. Think of what you did yesterday and write about it.

You can illustrate your story too if you want.

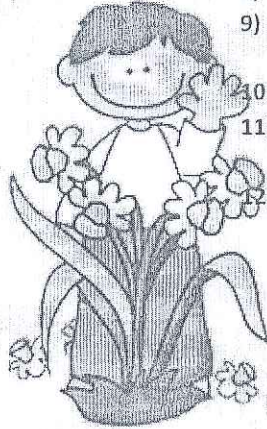
Lined writing area for the student to write their story.

present perfect or past simple



A) Underline the correct one

- 1) I lost – have lost my wallet. I cannot find it anywhere. I looked – have looked at the bedroom but it wasn't there.
- 2) I didn't sell – haven't sold my car. I decided – have decided to keep it.
- 3) Didn't you finish – haven't you finished your work yet?
- 4) They went – have gone to New York. They must be having great time. Last semester I was – have been there and I had – have had wonderful time.
- 5) Selma lived – has lived in Qatar for two years. Last month she moved – has moved to Barcelona.
- 6) I was – have been born in Sydney but I lived – have lived in Canberra.
- 7) "Did she help – has he helped you with your Spanish exam?"
"No, he didn't – hasn't. He is busy."
- 8) My father was – has been very busy recently.
- 9) We bought – have bought a new house. It has got a very large garden.
- 10) She was – has been a teacher when she was – has been 21.



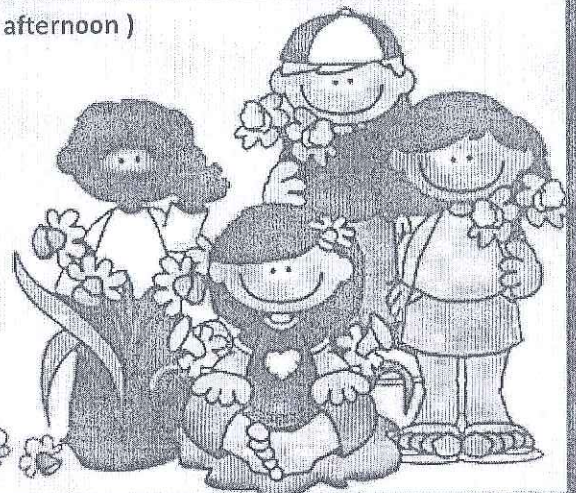
B) Fill in the blanks with the given time expressions.

last month – since 2003 – in 1978 – just (2) – already – yesterday – yet (2) – last summer – ever – ten minutes ago

- 1) I haven't watered the flowers _____.
- 2) _____, I bought a mobile phone but I lost it.
- 3) My family has lived in Dubai _____.
- 4) The train left _____, I missed it.
- 5) I graduated from high school _____.
- 6) Haven't you made up your mind _____?
- 7) He has _____ painted the benches. They are wet.
- 8) Have you _____ been to Istanbul?
- 9) It was very cold _____ but today it is warm and sunny.
- 10) We have _____ found a new servant.
- 11) We were in Hawaii _____. It was an unbelievable holiday.
- 12) I have _____ phoned Melisa. She is fine. We don't need to phone her again.

C) Rewrite the sentences.

- 1) I prepared the table a few minutes ago. (just) _____.
- 2) She has already done the washing up. (an hour ago) _____.
- 3) We didn't get ready for the party. (yet) _____.
- 4) Have you ever visited an orphanage? (last year) _____.
- 5) Uncle Tom took me to the school today. (already) _____.
- 6) Dorothy has just watered the flowers. (two minutes ago) _____.
- 7) They have never been to Bangkok. (in the past) _____.
- 8) Haven't you put on your jacket yet? (in the morning) _____.
- 9) The clients have complained about the products for hours. (this afternoon) _____.
- 10) I didn't play chess last year. (since) _____.
- 11) The children didn't turn back from the school. (yet) _____.
- 12) My father has just come in. (one minute ago) _____.
- 13) Susan didn't spend her summer in Italy last year. (never) _____.



WILL / BE GOING TO

WILL

- to make decisions that are made at the time of speaking
- to state a fact about the future
- to make a promise
- to make a prediction
- with words like I think, I guess, I hope, probably, possibly

BE GOING TO

- a future event that has been planned before the time of speaking
- to make a future prediction based on facts / evidence

Fill in the blanks with the words into brackets using will or be going to.

1. My brother _____ (be) 45 in October.
2. - The phone is ringing and I'm in the shower!
- Don't worry Mark, I _____ (answer) for you.
3. James Jones _____ (probably / become) the next President.
4. Mum is unemployed but she _____ (not / apply) for that job because it isn't well-paid.
5. I'm so excited! We _____ (move) to a bigger house next month.
6. My parents _____ (be) very proud, I have passed all the exams.
7. I think my sister _____ (pass) the exam, she has studied very hard so far.
8. I _____ (take) the kids to the mountains this winter.
9. There isn't any milk left in the fridge
- I know, I _____ (do) the shopping this afternoon.
10. There isn't any milk left in the fridge
- Oh sorry!, I _____ (give) you some juice instead.
11. Look at the clouds, it _____ (rain); you should take an umbrella!
12. There's a knock at the door; that _____ (be) the postman.
13. Boys _____ (be) boys!
14. When the cat is away, the mice _____ (play)
15. I'm not feeling well, I _____ (faint).
16. It's 11:00pm; I think I _____ (go) to bed now.
17. She _____ (meet) them at 6:00pm.
18. That _____ (be) the book you are looking for.
19. There _____ (be) a gale.
20. Sally is a big girl now, we _____ (buy) her a scooter.



Passive Voice

AFFIRMATIVE

Rewrite the sentences in the passive voice.

- Teenagers read fashion magazines.
Fashion magazines -----
- Girls watch Tyra Banks show.
Tyra Banks show -----
- Susan follows fashion trends.

- Most women appreciate shoes.

- Fashion influences young teenagers.

- Luke wears loose clothes.

- Tess and Sandra wear tight clothes.

- Fashion magazines sell dreams.

- Professional models teach young models.

NEGATIVE

Now rewrite the sentences in the passive voice (negative form). Follow the example.

- Most boys don't watch Tyra Banks show.
Tyra Banks show isn't watched by most boys.
- Helen doesn't follow fashion trends.
Fashion trends -----
- Some people do not accept fashion changes.

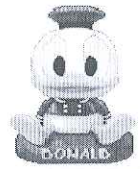
- Paul doesn't buy fashion magazines.

- My mother doesn't buy dresses.

- Some designers don't use innovative materials.

- Trendy girls don't wear unfashionable clothes.

- Most models don't eat cakes.



INTERROGATIVE

Rewrite the sentences in the passive voice (interrogative form). Follow the example.

- Do boys watch Tyra Banks show?
Is Tyra Banks show watched by boys?
- Do teenagers read fashion magazines?
Are -----
- Does fashion influence young teenagers?

- Do you watch Portugal Fashion?

- Do boys buy on-line clothes?

- Do fashion magazines sell dreams?

- Do designers make clothes with different materials?

SPECIAL CASES

Now pay attention to some passive cases, namely those that require the omission of the passive agent, and a change from subject pronoun to object pronoun.

- International designers introduce many clothing styles.

- People appreciate comfortable clothes.

- I wear cotton clothes.

- They sell nice and cheap clothes in this shop.

- She buys fashion magazines.

- Some photographers manipulate models' photographs.



First and second conditionals

Fill in the gaps with the type 1 conditional sentences.

1. If you _____ (squeeze) an orange, you _____ (get) orange juice.
2. You _____ (put) on some more weight if you _____ (eat) too much sugar.
3. If I _____ (study) a lot, I _____ (pass) the year.
4. If you _____ (press) that button, the machine _____ (stop) functioning.
5. If you _____ (not / apologise), she _____ (not / forgive) you.
6. If you _____ (wash) the dishes today, I _____ (dust) the house.
7. What _____ (happen) if I _____ (press) this button?
8. If there _____ (not / be) enough water in the next few years, many people _____ (die).
9. If we _____ (not / recycle), we _____ (put) our own survival at risk.
10. It _____ (be) damaged if you _____ (press) it too much.
11. If you _____ (touch) the dog, it _____ (bite) you.

Fill in the gaps so as to build correct type 2 conditional sentences.

1. If I _____ (be) you, I _____ (study) for the final exam.
2. If my parents _____ (be) rich, I _____ (not / need) to work so much.
3. If Sara _____ (have) a good handwriting, I could understand her texts!
4. If my computer _____ (function) properly, I _____ (use) it more often.
5. You _____ (be) healthier if you _____ (eat) less red meat.
6. If we _____ (eat) more vegetables, our body _____ (be) healthier.
7. If you _____ (tidy) up your bedroom every day, it _____ (not / be) in a mess.
8. I _____ (not / do) the chores myself if I _____ (have) more money.

Fill in the blanks with either zero or first conditional.

1. There _____ (be) difficulties in the traffic if it snows.
2. You will see London Eye if you _____ (visit) London.
3. If you _____ (go) to the disco tomorrow, you will dance a lot.
4. If you _____ (not / go) out, please be sure to rent some up-dated films.
5. I won't go to the party if it _____ (rain).
6. If you _____ (sit) in the sun, you get burned.
7. If I _____ (be) even 5 minutes late for work, my boss shouts at me.
8. If you _____ (speak) too loud, I am able to hear you.
9. If babies _____ (not / sleep), they become too easily upset.
10. My friend Laura will be too disappointed if she _____ (fail) the driving test.
11. What will you do if she _____ (refuse) to go out with you?
12. I will give you a candy if you _____ (behave) yourself.
13. I always _____ (feel) miserable when it rains.
14. You will feel healthier if you _____ (exercise) regularly.



TED BURSA COLLEGE
Summer Book Report

Document Number : EÖ-FR.88
Revision : 00

Date:
Class:
Name:
Subject: Just So Stories / Hercules

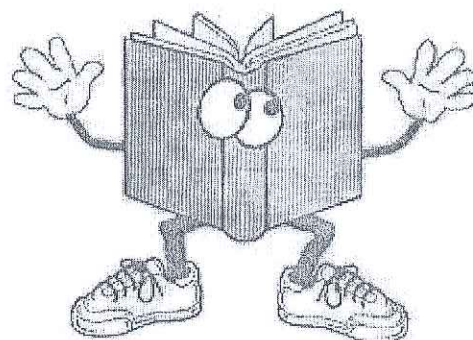
2013-2014

Read the questions carefully and answer the questions.

➤ Title:

➤ Author:

The main characters (names) and write a short description for each character

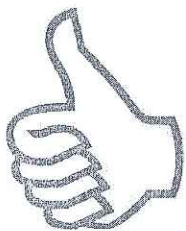


➤ Setting(place):

Where does the story take place? What kind of a place it is?

➤ Brief summary (the beginning-middle-the end of the story):

➤ What part did you like best? Why?



➤ Which part was the worst? Why?



➤ Write 10 new words that you learnt from this book. Write the meanings of the words and make a sentence with each word.



➤ Would you recommend this book to a friend? Why?

➤ Book evaluation: (Circle one number) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10



I didn't like it

-

I liked it